2016 Annual Get Smart Week Antibiotic Stewardship in Pennsylvania

University of Pittsburgh O'Hara Student Center Friday, Nov. 18, 2016 Noon – 1:30 p.m.











This Week is "Get Smart" Week

Goal: Raise awareness of problem of antibiotic resistance

Dr. Karen Hacker, MD, MPH
Director of the Allegheny County
Health Department



Antibiotic resistance

- CDC estimates 2 million persons infected by resistant bacteria and 23,000 die from these infections each year
- Major contributors are overuse and misuse of antibiotics
 - 50% antibiotics are not needed or not optimally prescribed
 - Antibiotics are used to promote growth of animals



Antibiotics only treat bacterial infections

Illness	Usual Cause		Antibiotic
	Viruses	Bacteria	Needed
Cold/Runny Nose	1		NO
Bronchitis/Chest Cold (in otherwise healthy children and adults)	1		NO
Whooping Cough		1	Yes
Flu	1		NO
Strep Throat		1	Yes
Sore Throat (except strep)	1		NO
Fluid in the Middle Ear (otitis media with effusion)	1		NO
Urinary Tract Infection		1	Yes

Source: CDC



CDC's "Get Smart: Know When Antibiotics Work" Program Objectives

Stop the increase in antibiotic resistance by

- Promoting providers' adherence to prescribing guidelines
- Decreasing demand for antibiotics among adults and parents of young children
- Increasing adherence to prescribed antibiotics



State and local health departments

- Role: promote judicious antibiotic use; track resistant infections
- ACHD activities:
 - Distribute guidelines for prevention and control of carbapenem-resistant *Enterobacteriaceae* (CRE)
 - Track invasive MRSA infections
 - Promote antibiotic stewardship programs