Cancer Imaging Phenomics Toolkit (CaPTk): Technical Overview

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Introduction

A brief history of CaPTk

• Exploring the dependencies + guts of CaPTk

- Integrating "standalone" applications
 - MATLAB
 - Python

Integrating native C++ applications

What does one get out of it?

Knowledge of integrating their application into CaPTk

Leverage existing bodies of validated APIs/algorithms

Improved visibility and increased citations of your application

Easier integration with clinical workflow

Become part of a larger scientific community



A Brief History

• The Center for Biomedical Image Computing and Analytics (www.med.upenn.edu/cbica) consists of multiple Principal Investigators, Post Docs, Data Analysts and developers; all producing state-of-the-art algorithms published in high impact publications.

• With such a diverse group, development skills vary considerably and finding a common mechanism for distribution is difficult.

 Imperative to find a unified distribution pipeline that would enable noncomputational researchers to leverage our research.



A Brief History – Continued

 Needed a way to decrease the learning curve for everyone to use our computational algorithms

- Existing packages (FSLView, MIPAV, 3DSlicer) had some deficiencies which we wanted to address with our package:
 - FSLView and MIPAV were not extensible with custom algorithms
 - 3DSlicer had a steep learning curve for our collaborators (clinicians and researchers alike)
 - 3DSlicer also did not provide an easy mechanism to extend the basic UI controls which were needed for our algorithms; for instance initializing a tumor point (coordinate + radius information).



A Brief History – Continued

• With the U24 Grant (funded by <u>NIH ITCR</u>), it became possible to design a common framework for distribution.

• With these points in mind, I would like to present the technical details of the Cancer Imaging Phenomics Toolkit (CaPTk) with the idea to contribute the work we have done to the greater scientific community.



C++

- Efficient
- Truly cross-platform
- Natively supported by ALL major operating systems
- Code can be distributed as a stand-alone package
- Community and industry driven libraries/toolkits/packages for medical imaging



CMake

- Configuration tool for C++ projects
- Cross-platform
- Integrated Testing and Packaging environment
- Supported by virtually all IDEs, making development easier



Insight Toolkit (ITK)

- Community and industry driven package designed specifically for medical imaging
- Open source
- Well documented and validated
- Provides solid building blocks for developers via native C++ and Python wrapped calls
- Gives low and high-level access for developers, thereby providing a good starting point for developers with all skill levels

Qt

- Industry-leading open source user interface design toolkit
- Cross-platform
- Support ranging from IOT to server class machines
- Flexible and can be used from native C++ and Python wrappings



Visualization Toolkit (VTK)

- Industry-leading visualization framework
- Cross-platform
- Supports a wide variety of visualization algorithms as well as advanced modeling techniques via easy-to-use abstract classes
- Provides methods to perform 2D and 3D visualization



Open Source Computer Vision Library (OpenCV)

- Industry-leading library for computer vision and machine learning
- Cross-platform
- Designed for computational efficiency and with a strong focus on realtime applications
- Wide ranging applications from geospatial image analysis, robotics, interactive art, medical imaging



CBICA Toolkit

- Higher level functions/classes to take care of basic software design needs
 - Command Line Interface design + parsing
 - Logging with auto-generated time-stamp
 - CSV Parsing
 - System-level file/folder checks (file extensions, deleting folder, etc.)
 - Basic Statistics (ROC, etc.)
- Cross-platform and continuous validation

CBICA Toolkit - Continued

- Functions wrapped around ITK and OpenCV data structures to provide common image processing tasks
 - Single line image reading/writing for ITK with sanity checks
 - DTI scalar computation
 - Image structure manipulation (vectorize, etc.)

• Available via GitHub as a separate module!

Internals of the Code

```
${CaPTk_Source}
CMakeLists.txt
/src
/data
/docs
...
```

- The root CMake configuration file
- Handles the project setup, looks for dependencies, structures the package overall

```
${CaPTk_Source}
CMakeLists.txt
/src
CAPTk.h
CAPTk.cpp
```

Sets up the main executable and the path(s)

Creates the main executable

 Location of all the source code, which is broken down to the following: applications, cbica toolkit and gui

```
${CaPTk_Source}
CMakeLists.txt
/src
/applications
/cbica_toolkt
/gui
```

 /applications: all the code for the native and stand-alone applications that are part of CaPTk

• /cbica toolkit: CBICA Toolkit

 /gui: user interface files that handle the visualizer, dialogs, etc.

```
${CaPTk_Source}
CMakeLists.txt
/src
/gui
```

fMainWindow.h

fMainWindow.cpp

ui_fMainWindow.h

fMainWindow constructs the main UI of CaPTk

 Construction of all the menus, image viewer, image and mask loading/saving

Handles communication between user and applications

• Communication from the main command line (CAPTk.cpp) uses file names



```
${CaPTk_Source}
CMakeLists.txt
/src
/gui
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

ui fMainWindow.h

• fMainWindow components (h, cpp and ui) are to be edited for adding any application

UI file: declaring the menu items

```
ui fMainWindow::setupUi()
```

• Header file: declaring the functions and slots

• Implementation file: defining the functions

```
${CaPTk_Source}
CMakeLists.txt
/src
/gui
```

```
SlicerManager.h
SlicerManager.cpp
```

SlicerManager stores the image data as
 itk::Image vtk::Image data structures and
 keep both in sync

 In addition, it stores all the other metadata of the image (file path, seed points, etc.) that can be called from fMainWindow using the member variable mSlicerManagers.



What are Standalone Applications?

These are independent binaries that can "exec-ed" from the command line or terminal

 Their dependencies can either be part of the distribution or can be downloaded from an external site

• The simplest integration of an application into CaPTk



Converting a MATLAB script (or a collection of scripts) into a single binary using MCC (using LIBRA as example):

```
${CaPTk Source}
  /applications
    /individualApps
      /libra source
        /Code
        /Model
libra startup.m
```

```
[sourceDir,~,~] = fileparts( mfilename('fullpath') );
addpath(sourceDir);
addpath(fullfile(sourceDir,'Code'));
addpath(fullfile(sourceDir,'Model'));
modelDir=fullfile(sourceDir,'Model');
```



Converting a MATLAB script (or a collection of scripts) into a single binary using MCC (using LIBRA as example):

```
${CaPTk Source}
  /applications
    /individualApps
      /libra source
        /Code
        /Model
libra startup.m
libra compile.m
```

```
[sourceDir,~,~] = fileparts( mfilename('fullpath') );
addpath(sourceDir);
addpath(fullfile(sourceDir, 'Code'));
addpath(fullfile(sourceDir, 'Model'));
modelDir=fullfile(sourceDir, 'Model');
eval(['mcc -m -R -singleCompThread -R -nosplash -a ''',
modelDir, ''' -d ''', install_prefix, ''' -o libra libra.m']);
outputBinary=fullfile(install_prefix,'libra');
if isunix
       % Change file permission (chmod 755)
       fileattrib(outputBinary,'+x','a');
       fileattrib(outputBinary, '+w', 'u');
end
```



Since LIBRA uses MCR (CaPTk ships with MCRv2014), a setup file is needed to ensure CaPTk picks up MCR at runtime.

```
${CaPTk_Source}
  /applications
  /individualApps
  /libra
libra.bat
```

```
set inputimage = %1
set outputdirectory = %2
set curdrive = %CD:~0,2%
set curdir = %~dp0
%curdrive%
cd %curdir%

PATH=%PATH%;%~dp0\Mathworks\MCR\v81\runtime\win64
.\libra.exe %1 %2 %3 %4
```



Converting a Python script (or a collection of scripts) into a single binary using PyInstaller (using Confetti as example):

```
${CaPTk Source}
  /applications
    /individualApps
      /confetti source
        /src
          /pyGUI
runPyInstaller.py
```

```
import os
import PyInstaller
print "Creating exe"
```





Converting a Python script (or a collection of scripts) into a single binary using PyInstaller (using Confetti as example):

```
${CaPTk Source}
  /applications
    /individualApps
      /confetti source
        /src
          /pyGUI
runPyInstaller.py
```

```
import os
import PyInstaller
print "Creating exe"
os.system("pyinstaller.exe --onefile --windowed \
--icon=icons/confetti.ico \
--exclude-module=matplotlib \
--exclude-module=tkinter \
--exclude-module=zmg \
--exclude-module=twisted \
ConfettiGUI.py")
print "All Done"
```



Converting a Python script (or a collection of scripts) into a single binary using PyInstaller (using Confetti as example):

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/applications
/individualApps
/confetti_source
/src
/pyGUI
runPyInstaller.py
```

```
import os
import PyInstaller
print "Creating exe"
os.system("pyinstaller.exe --onefile --windowed \
--icon=icons/confetti.ico \
--exclude-module=matplotlib \
--exclude-module=tkinter \
--exclude-module=zmg \
--exclude-module=twisted \
ConfettiGUI.py")
print "All Done"
```

Docker

- This is another mechanism to provide standalone executables that do not have any UI
- While this is a perfectly valid way to package an application, we have not yet found an application which requires a Docker container, and cannot provide an example
- If you have a package that is available as a Docker-ized container and are interested in integrating it with CaPTk, please let us know how we can help!



To set up the package, place your compiled application (let's use the example of LIBRA again) in the following location of \${CaPTk_source}

```
${CaPTk Source}
/src
 /applications
  /individualApps
   /libra
```



Edit the applications/CMakeLists.txt file which sets up the installation of individual applications

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
  /applications
  CMakeLists.txt
```

```
FOREACH(subdir ${SUBDIRECTORIES})
  IF (${subdir} STREQUAL "libra")
    INSTALL(FILES ${SUBDIRPATH}/libra.exe
       DESTINATION bin # this location is important
    INSTALL(FILES ${SUBDIRPATH}/libra.bat
        DESTINATION bin # this location is important
  ENDIF()
ENDFOREACH()
```



Edit the applications/CMakeLists.txt file which sets up the installation of individual applications

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/applications
CMakeLists.txt
```

```
FOREACH(subdir ${SUBDIRECTORIES})
  IF (${subdir} STREQUAL "libra")
    INSTALL(FILES ${SUBDIRPATH}/libra.exe
        DESTINATION bin # this location is important
    INSTALL(FILES ${SUBDIRPATH}/libra.bat
        DESTINATION bin # this location is important
  ENDIF()
ENDFOREACH()
```



The source-level functions to add/edit/copy are in fMainWindow.h, fMainWindow.cpp and ui fMainWindow.h

```
${CaPTk Source}
/src
 /gui
  ui fMainWindow.h
  fMainWindow.h
  fMainWindow.cpp
```



Edit the relevant Application List (the applications are delineated by a single space).

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/gui
   ui_fMainWindow.h
   fMainWindow.h
   fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
auto brainAppList = "WhiteStripe PopulationAtlases confetti
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex RecurrenceEstimator SurvivalPredictor
MolecularSubtypePredictor";
auto breastAppList = "librasingle librabatch";
auto lungAppList = "SBRT_Segment";
auto miscAppList = "itksnap GeodesicSegmentation
DirectionalityEstimate PerfusionDerivatives PerfusionPCA
DiffusionDerivatives";
```





Add the Qt "slots" that connects with the application

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
public slots:
   void ApplicationLIBRASingle(); // single image mode of LIBRA
   void ApplicationLIBRABatch(); // batch mode of LIBRA
```





Customize the menu text

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
for (size_t i = 0; i < vectorOfBreastApps.size(); i++) {</pre>
    if (vectorOfBreastApps[i].name.find("librasingle") !=
std::string::npos) {
      vectorOfBreastApps[i].action->setText(" Breast Density
Estimator (LIBRA) SingleImage");
      connect(vectorOfBreastApps[i].action, SIGNAL(triggered()),
this, SLOT(ApplicationLIBRASingle()));
```



Connect the menu item with the function slot

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
for (size_t i = 0; i < vectorOfBreastApps.size(); i++) {</pre>
    if (vectorOfBreastApps[i].name.find("librasingle") !=
std::string::npos) {
      vectorOfBreastApps[i].action->setText(" Breast Density
Estimator (LIBRA) SingleImage");
      connect(vectorOfBreastApps[i].action, SIGNAL(triggered()),
this, SLOT(ApplicationLIBRASingle()));
```



```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationLIBRASingle()
{
   auto items = m_imagesTable->selectedItems();
   if (items.empty())
   {
     ShowErrorMessage("At least 1 supported image needs to be loaded and selected");
     return;
   }
...
}
```





```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationLIBRASingle()
  auto items = m_imagesTable->selectedItems();
  if (items.empty())
    ShowErrorMessage("At least 1 supported image needs to be
loaded and selected");
    return;
```





```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationLIBRASingle()
{
...
  auto scriptToCall = m_allNonNativeApps["libra"];
  cbica::replaceString( scriptToCall, ".bat", ".exe" );
...
}
```





```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationLIBRASingle()
{
...
  auto scriptToCall = m_allNonNativeApps["libra"];
  cbica::replaceString( scriptToCall, ".bat", ".exe" );
...
}
```





```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationLIBRASingle()
 QStringList args;
  args << dicomfilename.c_str() << tempFolderLocation.c_str();</pre>
 if (startExternalProcess(scriptToCall.c str(), args) != 0)
    ShowErrorMessage("LIBRA failed to execute. Please check
installation requirements and retry.");
```





```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationLIBRASingle()
 QStringList args;
  args << dicomfilename.c_str() << tempFolderLocation.c_str();</pre>
 if (startExternalProcess(scriptToCall.c str(), args) != 0)
    ShowErrorMessage("LIBRA failed to execute. Please check
installation requirements and retry.");
    return;
readMaskFile(tempFolderLocation +
"/Result Images/totalmask/totalmask.dcm");
```





```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/gui
   ui_fMainWindow.h
   fMainWindow.h
   fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationLIBRASingle()
 QStringList args;
  args << dicomfilename.c_str() << tempFolderLocation.c_str();</pre>
 if (startExternalProcess(scriptToCall.c str(), args) != 0)
    ShowErrorMessage("LIBRA failed to execute. Please check
installation requirements and retry.");
    return;
 LoadDrawing( tempFolderLocation +
"/Result Images/totalmask/totalmask.dcm" );
```

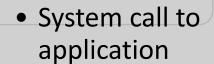


Flowchart of Standalone App running from CaPTk

Image Loaded from CaPTk



 Visualization of ROI Loaded Image(s) called for processing



MATLAB/Python

Result to be inferred by developer/user

- Image or a number
- Need special processing for integration



Integrating Native Applications

Written in C++ and follows a Object Oriented Structure

 Well-defined API which uses ITK Image(s) as input and gives either another image or a value as output

```
o SetInput( ) or SetInputs( )
o Update( )
o GetOutput( )
```

 No file parsing or I/O should be done within the class (sanity checks for data are all done within CaPTk)



To set up the package, place the application files (let's use the example of EGFRvIII PHI Estimator) in the following location of \${CaPTk_source}

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/applications

EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex.h
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex.cpp
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex.cxx
```

Application header and implementation files that contain all the processing information



To set up the package, place the application files (let's use the example of EGFRvIII PHI Estimator) in the following location of \${CaPTk_source}

```
${CaPTk Source}
/src
    /applications
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex.h
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex.cpp
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex.cxx
                                    Command Line Executable generator (optional)
```



Edit the applications/CMakeLists.txt file which sets up the installation of individual applications

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
/applications
CMakeLists.txt
```

```
SET( APPLICATIONS
  EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex
FOREACH(application ${APPLICATIONS})
  IF (${application} STREQUAL EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex)
    ADD_APPLICATION( ${application} )
  ENDIF()
ENDFOREACH()
```



Edit the relevant Application List (the applications are delineated by a single space).

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void setupUi(QMainWindow *fMainWindow)
{
...
   auto brainAppList = " WhiteStripe PopulationAtlases confetti
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex RecurrenceEstimator SurvivalPredictor
MolecularSubtypePredictor";
...
}
```





Edit the relevant Application List (the applications are delineated by a single space).

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void setupUi(QMainWindow *fMainWindow)
{
...
   auto brainAppList = " WhiteStripe PopulationAtlases confetti
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex RecurrenceEstimator SurvivalPredictor
MolecularSubtypePredictor";
...
}
```



Add the "slot" that calls the function that does the actual calculation

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
public slots:
   void ApplicationEGFR();
```



Customize the menu text

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
for (size_t i = 0; i < vectorOfGBMApps.size(); i++) {</pre>
    if (vectorOfGBMApps[i].name.find("EGFR") !=
std::string::npos) {
vectorOfGBMApps[i].action->setText(" Glioblastoma EGFRvIII
Surrogate Index (PHI Estimator)");
      connect(vectorOfGBMApps[i].action, SIGNAL(triggered()),
this, SLOT(ApplicationEGFR()));
```





Connect the menu item with the function slot

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
for (size_t i = 0; i < vectorOfGBMApps.size(); i++) {</pre>
    if (vectorOfGBMApps[i].name.find("EGFR") !=
std::string::npos) {
vectorOfGBMApps[i].action->setText(" Glioblastoma EGFRvIII
Surrogate Index (PHI Estimator)");
      connect(vectorOfGBMApps[i].action, SIGNAL(triggered()),
this, SLOT(ApplicationEGFR()));
```



Check if a mask is defined or not

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
{
   if (!isMaskDefined())
   {
      ShowErrorMessage("EGFRvIII Estimation requires Near and Far regions to be initialized");
      help_contextual("Glioblastoma_PHI.html");
      return;
   }
   updateProgress(5);
...
}
```

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
  if (!isMaskDefined())
    ShowErrorMessage("EGFRvIII Estimation requires Near and Far
regions to be initialized");
    help contextual("Glioblastoma PHI.html");
    return;
  updateProgress(5);
  std::vector< ImageTypeFloat3D::IndexType > nearIndices,
farIndices;
```



If mask is defined, then get the near and far indices that were initialized as ROIs

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
  auto mask = convertVtkToItk< float, 3>(mSlicerManagers[0]-
>mMask);
  ImageTypeFloat3DIterator maskIt(mask, mask-
>GetLargestPossibleRegion());
  for( maskIt.GoToBegin(); !maskIt.IsAtEnd(); ++maskIt; ) {
   if (maskIt.Get() == 1)
     nearIndices.push back(maskIt.GetIndex());
    else if (maskIt.Get() == 2)
     farIndices.push_back(maskIt.GetIndex());
```



If mask is defined, then get the near and far indices that were initialized as ROIs

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
  auto mask = convertVtkToItk< float, 3>(mSlicerManagers[0]-
>mMask);
  ImageTypeFloat3DIterator maskIt(mask, mask-
>GetLargestPossibleRegion());
  for( maskIt.GoToBegin(); !maskIt.IsAtEnd(); ++maskIt; ) {
    if (maskIt.Get() == 1)
     nearIndices.push back(maskIt.GetIndex());
    else if (maskIt.Get() == 2)
     farIndices.push_back(maskIt.GetIndex());
```



If mask is defined, then get the near and far indices that were initialized as ROIs

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
  auto mask = convertVtkToItk< float, 3>(mSlicerManagers[0]-
>mMask);
  ImageTypeFloat3DIterator maskIt(mask, mask-
>GetLargestPossibleRegion());
  for( maskIt.GoToBegin(); !maskIt.IsAtEnd(); ++maskIt; ) {
    if (maskIt.Get() == 1)
      nearIndices.push_back(maskIt.GetIndex());
    else if (maskIt.Get() == 2)
      farIndices.push_back(maskIt.GetIndex());
```



```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
for (unsigned int index = 0; index < mSlicerManagers.size();</pre>
index++) {
    if (mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType == IMAGE_TYPE_T1CE)
      T1CEImagePointer = mSlicerManagers[index]->mITKImage;
    else if (mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType ==
IMAGE TYPE T2FLAIR)
     T2FlairImagePointer = mSlicerManagers[index]->mITKImage;
    else if (mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType ==
IMAGE TYPE PERFUSION)
      perfusionImage = mSlicerManagers[index]-
>mPerfusionImagePointer;
```



```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
for (unsigned int index = 0; index < mSlicerManagers.size();</pre>
index++) {
    if (mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType == IMAGE_TYPE_T1CE)
      T1CEImagePointer = mSlicerManagers[index]->mITKImage;
    else if (mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType ==
IMAGE TYPE T2FLAIR)
      T2FlairImagePointer = mSlicerManagers[index]->mITKImage;
    else if (mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType ==
IMAGE TYPE PERFUSION)
      perfusionImage = mSlicerManagers[index]-
>mPerfusionImagePointer;
```



```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
{ ...
    EGFRStatusPredictor EGFRPredictor;
    auto EGFRStatusParams = EGFRPredictor.PredictEGFRStatus
ImageTypeFloat3D, PerfusionImageType >(perfusionImage,
Perfusion_Registered, nearIndices, farIndices, NIfTI);
...
}
```





Display the results

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
 auto msg = "PHI = " + QString::number(EGFRStatusParams[0]) +
'' \ n = --- \ n = + ---
   QString::number(EGFRStatusParams[1] / EGFRStatusParams[2]) +
"\n\nNear ROI voxels used = " +
   QString::number(EGFRStatusParams[3]) + "/" +
QString::number(nearIndices.size()) + "\nFar ROI voxels used =
   QString::number(EGFRStatusParams[4]) + "/" +
QString::number(farIndices.size()) +
   "\n\n\n----\n\nPHI Threshold = 0.1377\n[based on 142]
UPenn brain tumor scans]";
```



Display the results

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationEGFR()
{ ...
    ShowMessage(msg.toStdString());
    updateProgress(100);
}
```





Flowchart of Native App running from CaPTk

Image Loaded from CaPTk

- DICOM/NIfTI
- Visualization of ROI

Loaded Image(s) called for processing

- Application object created
- Data passed from CaPTk to object

Results can be shown from CaPTk

- Image or a number
- Either Image/ROI load or a pop-up showing result(s)

Considering WhiteStripe as an example, we follow the same procedures as EGFRvIII

```
${CaPTk Source}
/src
 /applications
WhiteStripe.h
WhiteStripe.cpp
                                    Application header, implementation files and
                                    command line executable generator
WhiteStripe.cxx
```



Since WS needs user-defined parameters, we need to create a dialog box which emits the final "Run" signal with the provided parameters (radius, kernel size, etc.)

```
${CaPTk Source}
/src
 /gui
ui fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.h
                                    Creation of the dialog box interface and its relevant
                                    controls
fWhiteStripeDialog.cpp
```



Edit the applications/CMakeLists.txt file which sets up the installation of individual applications

```
${CaPTk_Source}

/src
  /applications
  CMakeLists.txt
```

```
SET( APPLICATIONS
 WhiteStripe
FOREACH(application ${APPLICATIONS})
  IF (${application} STREQUAL WhiteStripe)
    ADD_APPLICATION( ${application} )
  ENDIF()
ENDFOREACH()
```



Edit the relevant Application List (the applications are delineated by a single space).

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void setupUi(QMainWindow *fMainWindow)
{
...
   auto brainAppList = " WhiteStripe PopulationAtlases confetti
EGFRvIIISurrogateIndex RecurrenceEstimator SurvivalPredictor
MolecularSubtypePredictor";
...
}
```





Add the "slot" that calls the function that does the actual calculation

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
public slots:
  void ApplicationWhiteStripe();
```





Customize the menu text

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
for (size_t i = 0; i < vectorOfGBMApps.size(); i++) {</pre>
    if (vectorOfGBMApps[i].name.find("WhiteStripe") !=
std::string::npos) {
vectorOfGBMApps[i].action->setText(" WhiteStripe
Normalization");
      connect(vectorOfGBMApps[i].action, SIGNAL(triggered()),
this, SLOT(ApplicationWhiteStripe()));
```



Connect the menu item with the function slot

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui
ui_fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.h
fMainWindow.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
for (size_t i = 0; i < vectorOfGBMApps.size(); i++) {</pre>
    if (vectorOfGBMApps[i].name.find("WhiteStripe") !=
std::string::npos) {
vectorOfGBMApps[i].action->setText(" WhiteStripe
Normalization");
      connect(vectorOfGBMApps[i].action, SIGNAL(triggered()),
this, SLOT(ApplicationEGFR()));
```



Connect the "Run" signal from the dialog with the MainWindow Interface.

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui

ui_fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
{ ...
    connect(&whiteStripeNormalizer,
SIGNAL(RunWhiteStripe(double, int, int, int, double,
double, int, bool, const std::string)), this,
SLOT(CallWhiteStripe(double, int, int, int, double,
double, int, bool, const std::string)));
}
```





Connect the "Run" signal from the dialog with the MainWindow Interface.

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui

ui_fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
{ ...
   connect(&whiteStripeNormalizer,
SIGNAL(RunWhiteStripe(double, int, int, int, double,
double, int, bool, const std::string)), this,
SLOT(CallWhiteStripe(double, int, int, int, double,
double, int, bool, const std::string)));
}
```





Connect the "Run" signal from the dialog with the MainWindow Interface.

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui

ui_fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::fMainWindow()
{ ...
    connect(&whiteStripeNormalizer,
SIGNAL(RunWhiteStripe(double, int, int, int, double,
double, int, bool, const std::string)), this,
SLOT(CallWhiteStripe(double, int, int, int, double,
double, int, bool, const std::string)));
}
```



This checks for the inputs within CaPTk and then loads up the WhiteStripe dialog box

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui

ui_fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::ApplicationWhiteStripe()
{ ...
 if ((mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType ==
IMAGE_TYPE_T1) || (mSlicerManagers[index]->mImageSubType
== IMAGE_TYPE_T2)) {
    auto tmp = mInputPathName.toStdString();
whiteStripeNormalizer.SetImageModality(mSlicerManagers[i
ndex]->mImageSubType);
    whiteStripeNormalizer.exec();
```



This checks for the inputs within CaPTk and then loads up the WhiteStripe dialog box

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui

ui_fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::CallWhiteStripe(...)
{ ...
 WhiteStripe normalizer;
  normalizer.setParams(twsWidth, sliceStartZ,
sliceStopZ, tissuesMax, smoothMax, smoothDelta,
histSize, T1Image);
  ImageTypeFloat3D::Pointer mask;
  auto normImage =
normalizer.process(mSlicerManagers[index]->mITKImage,
mask);
```



This checks for the inputs within CaPTk and then loads up the WhiteStripe dialog box

```
${CaPTk_Source}
/src
/gui

ui_fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.h
fWhiteStripeDialog.cpp
```

```
void fMainWindow::CallWhiteStripe(...)
{ ...
 WhiteStripe normalizer;
  normalizer.setParams(twsWidth, sliceStartZ,
sliceStopZ, tissuesMax, smoothMax, smoothDelta,
histSize, T1Image);
  ImageTypeFloat3D::Pointer mask;
  auto normImage =
normalizer.process(mSlicerManagers[index]->mITKImage,
mask);
```

