



Memorial Sloan Kettering
Cancer Center

COVID-19: The MSK BMT/IEC Experience

Gunjan L. Shah, MD MS

Adult Bone Marrow Transplant Service
Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center
New York, NY

5.7.2021
Cellicon Valley '21



Disclosures

- Unrelated Research Funding from Janssen and Amgen

Impact of COVID-19 on Recipients of HCT and CAR T cells

**Patient
Outcomes**



**Nosocomial
Transmission**



**Delayed
Therapy**



**Cell Therapy
after COVID**

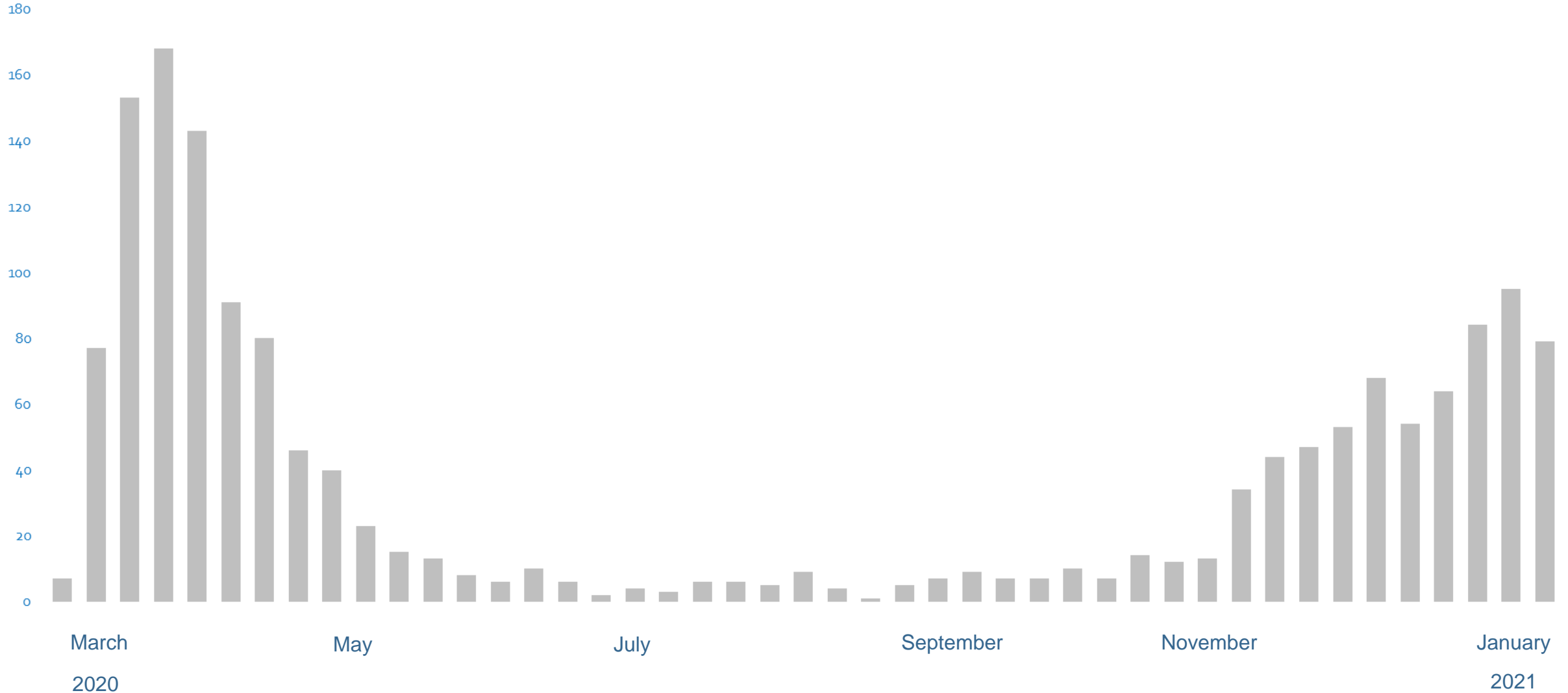


**Vaccines pre
And post**



MARCH 2020-JANUARY 2021

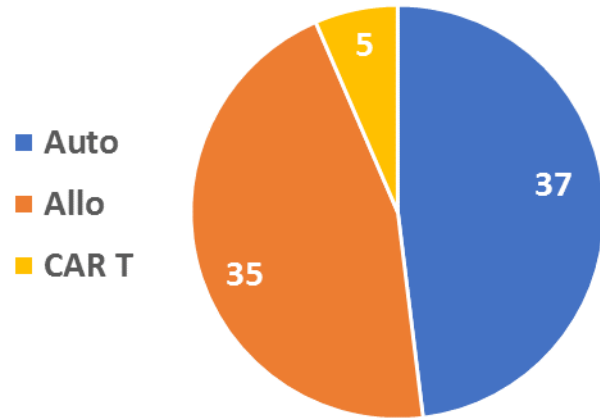
Weekly SARS CoV-2 Case Counts at MSKCC



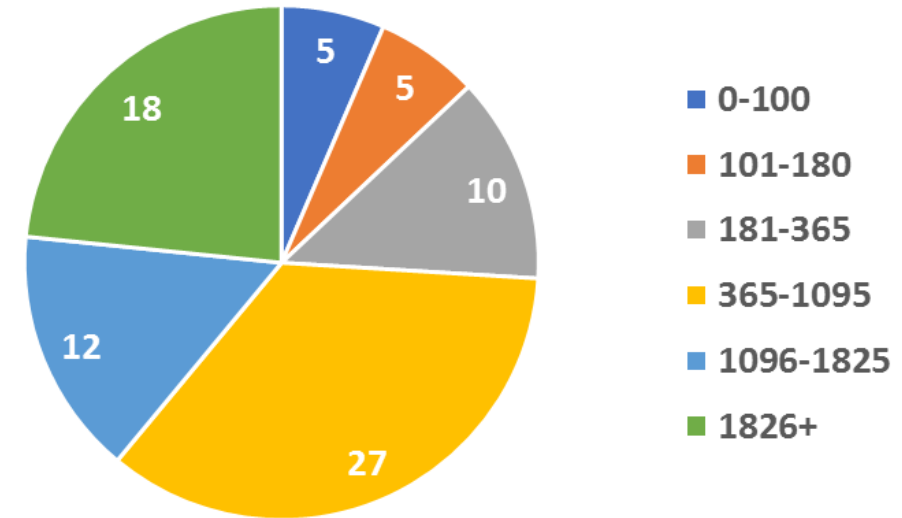
Courtesy of M. Kamboj, MSKCC

77 Patients Diagnosed 3/15/20 – 5/7/20

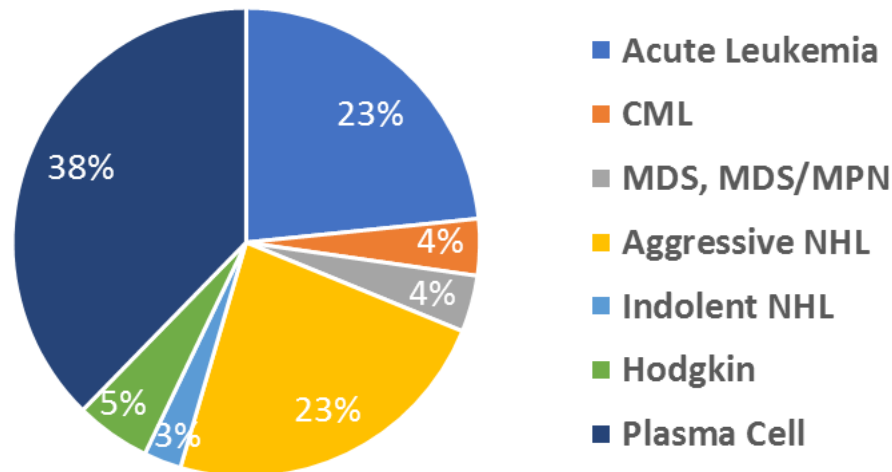
COVID + Patients by Cell Therapy Type



COVID + Patients by Day Post BMT / IEC



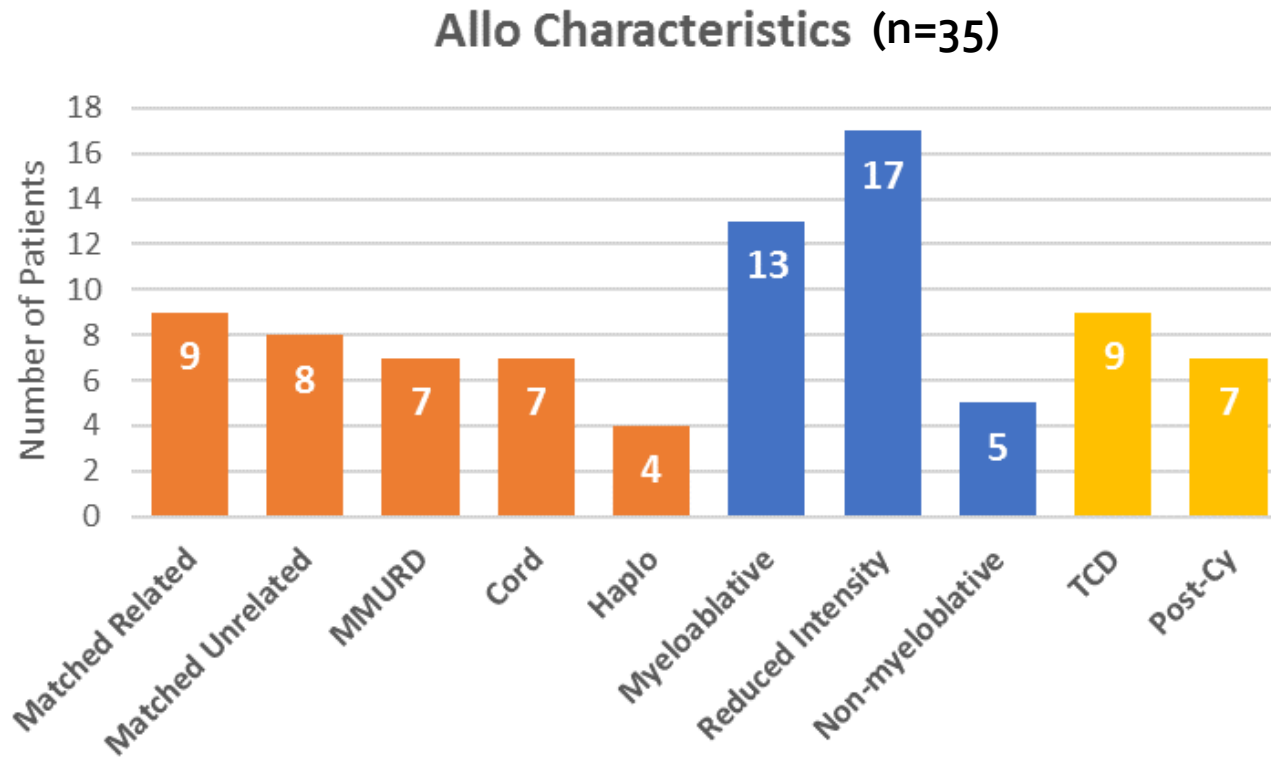
COVID + Patients by Disease



Median 782 days (IQR 354,1611)



Demographic Characteristics



- Follow-up Cutoff
 - Clinical Status 5/12/20
 - Laboratory 6/4/20
- Median F/U **23 days** (IQR 14,35)
- Median age **62** (range 25-78), 17% > age 70
- **64%** Male
- **58%** White, **19%** Black, **5%** Asian
- **66%** Never Smoker, 32% Former
- Median BMI **27.4** (IQR 24, 30.6)
- **25%** Relapsed post BMT/IEC
 - **16%** R/R at COVID-19 Dx

Univariate Predictors of Disease Severity – Requiring \geq NRB or Death

Characteristics ¹	N	N events	HR	95% CI	P-Value
Comorbidities	74				0.004
0		5			
1		10	3.36	1.15, 9.85	
2+		10	5.41	1.84, 15.9	
Infiltrates on Imaging	39	14	3.08	1.00, 9.44	0.032
ANC	50		1.15	1.02, 1.29	0.043
N:L Ratio	50		1.03	1.00, 1.07	0.081

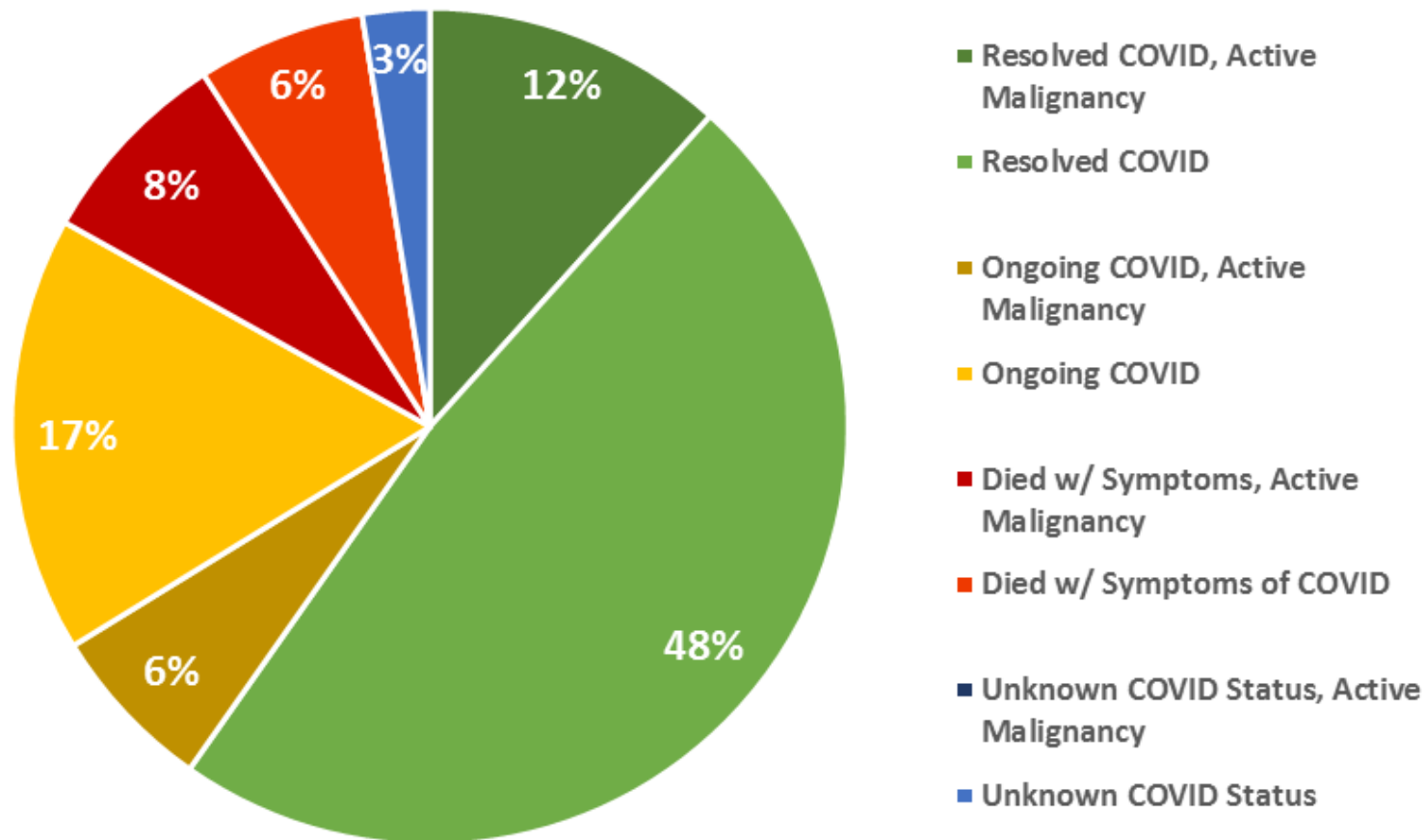
*Non-significant variables: Disease, Race, Gender, BMI, Smoking Status, Inid Home Med, Time post cell therapy, Malignancy Status, Age, ALC, Abs CD₄, Abs CD₈, Abs CD₁₉, CD₄:CD₈ Ratio

¹ At time of COVID-19 Diagnosis



Favorable Clinical Outcomes after COVID-19

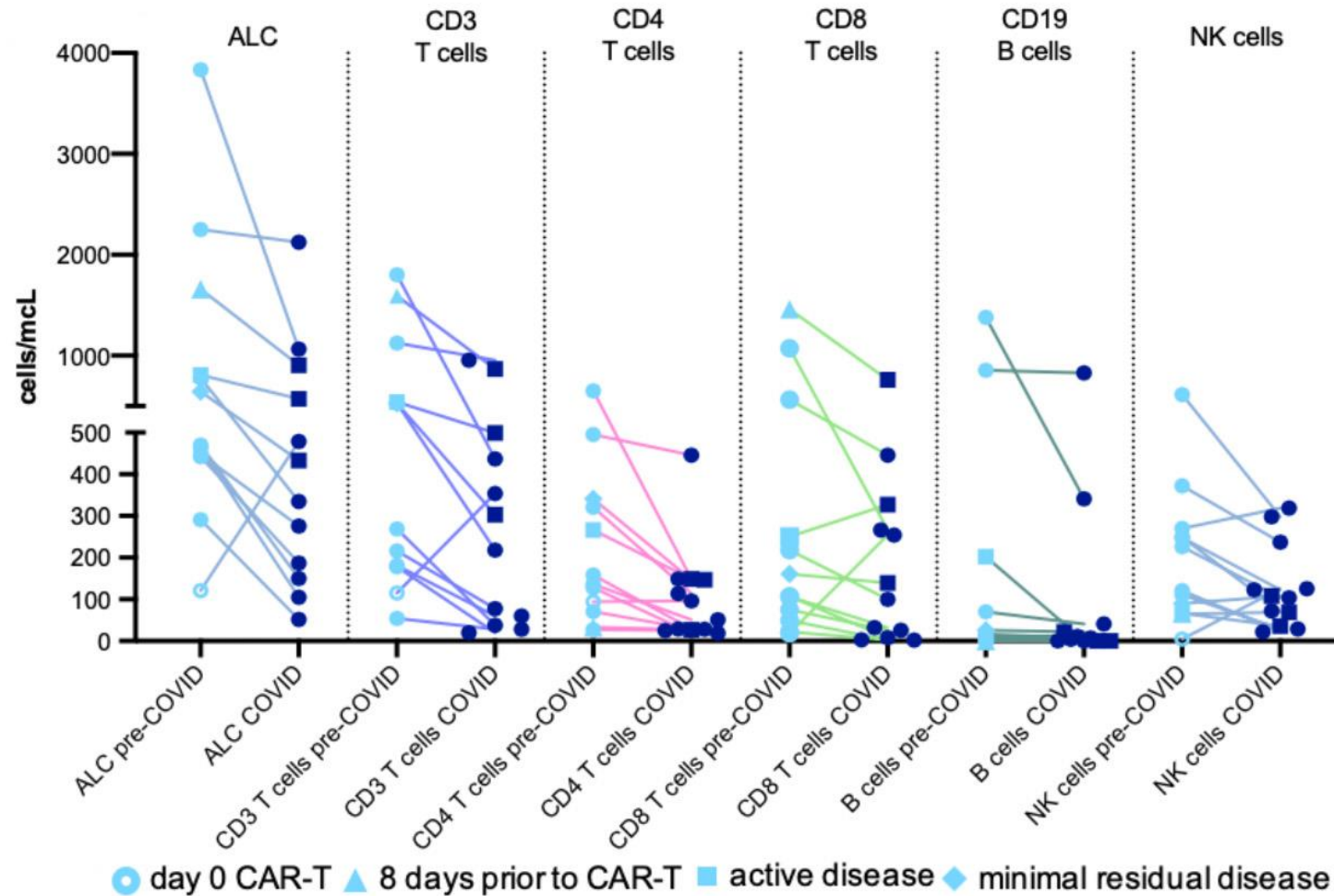
Status of COVID at Last Contact



- **14 Deaths (18%)**
 - **41%** of admitted
 - **21%** if admitted & malignancy in remission
- **No new or worsening of GVHD**
- **No new dialysis requirements**
- **No CVA**
- **DVT PPx if Plt adequate**
 - **2 DVTs**

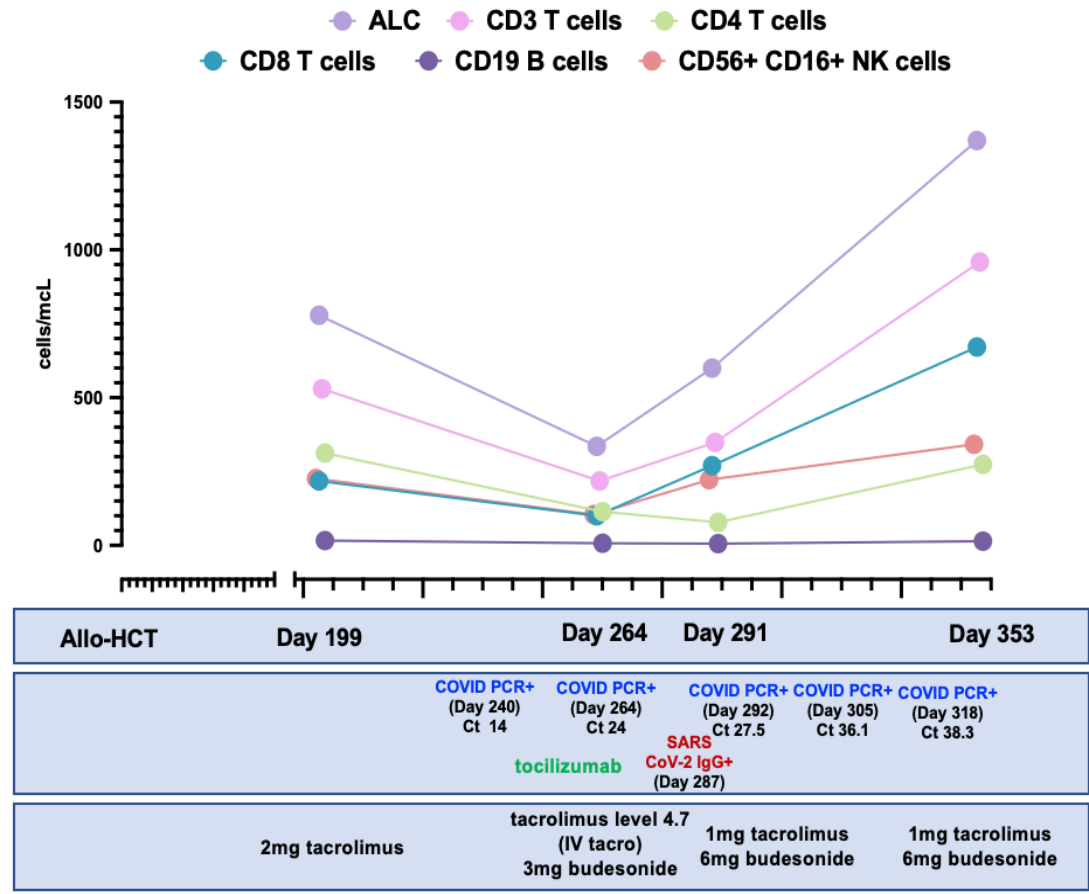
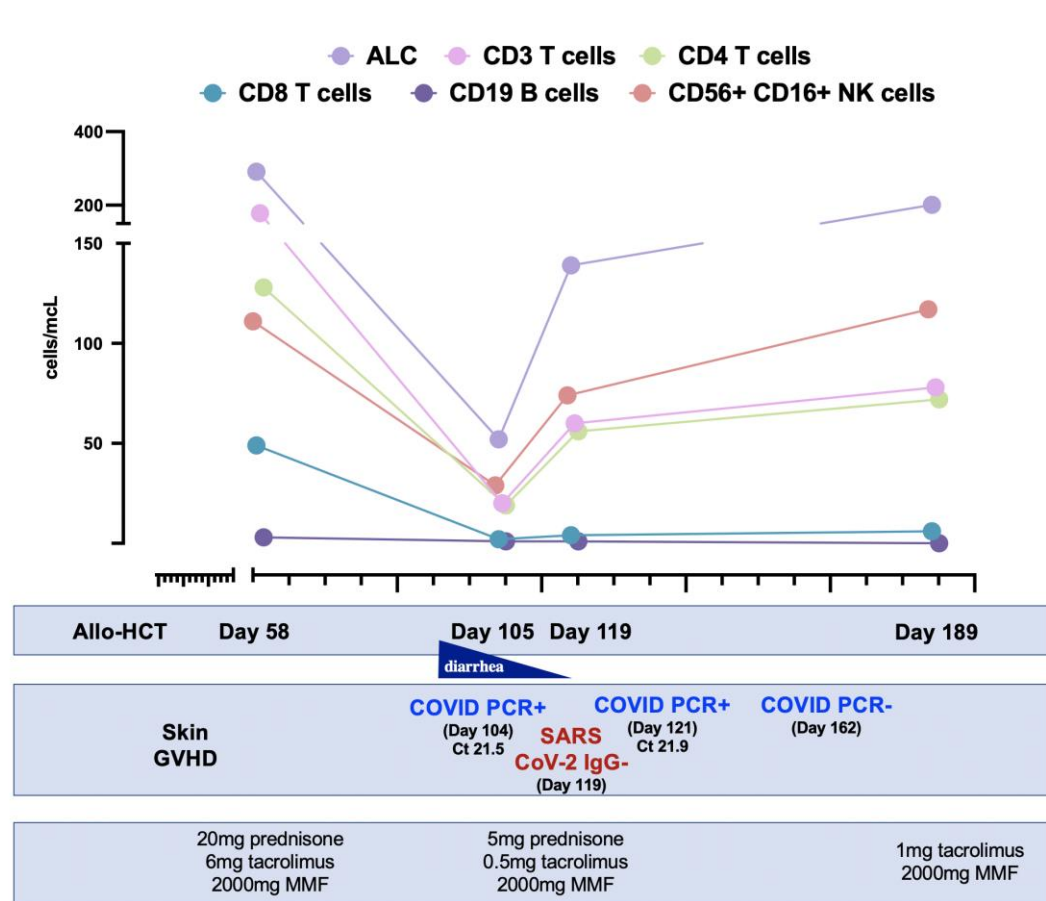


Infection with SARS-CoV-2 is related to a reduction in lymphocyte populations

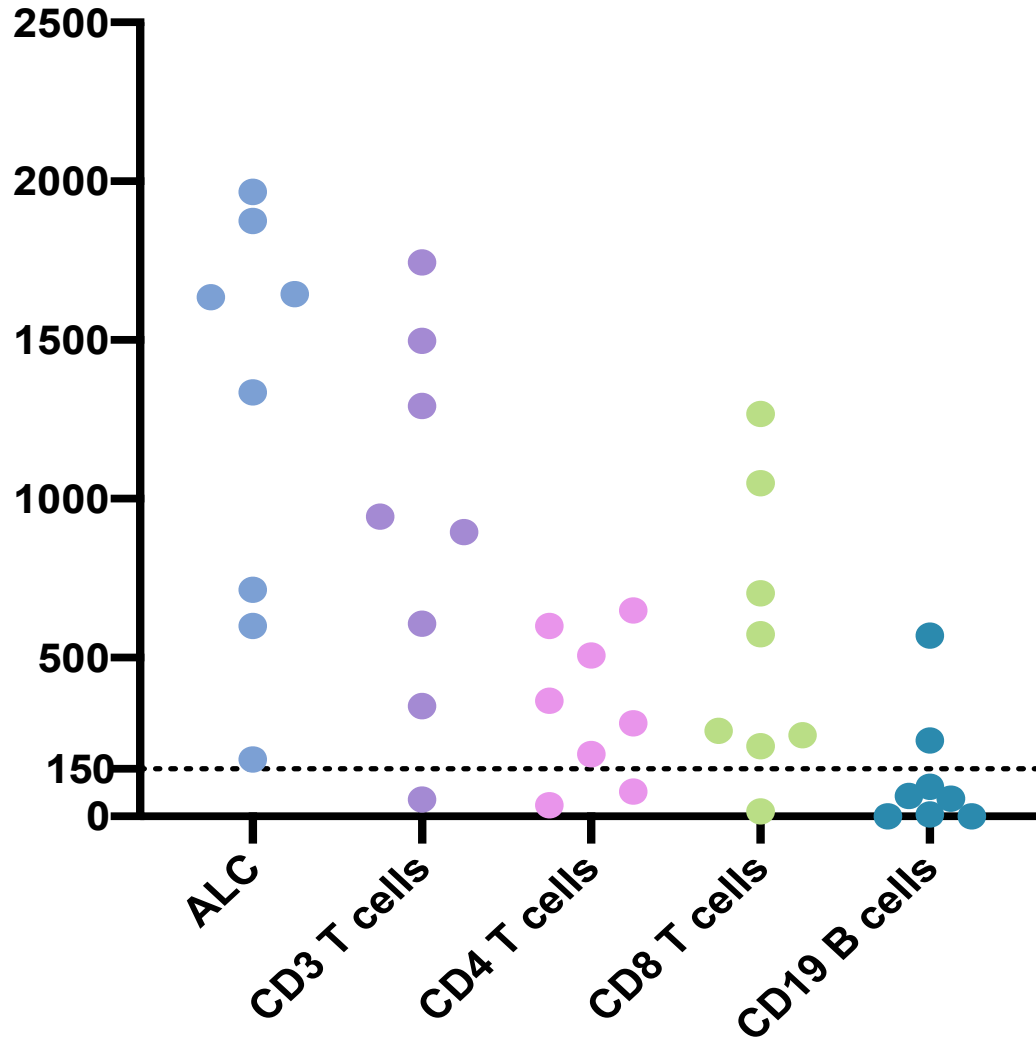


- **11** patients with immune profiling within **1 year** of COVID-19 infection
- Only patient with increasing counts had pre-COVID testing on Day 0 of CAR-T

Lymphopenia with COVID-19 does not impair long-term immune reconstitution in BMT patients



Patients can develop IgG antibody responses to SARS-COV-2 even in the setting of lymphopenia

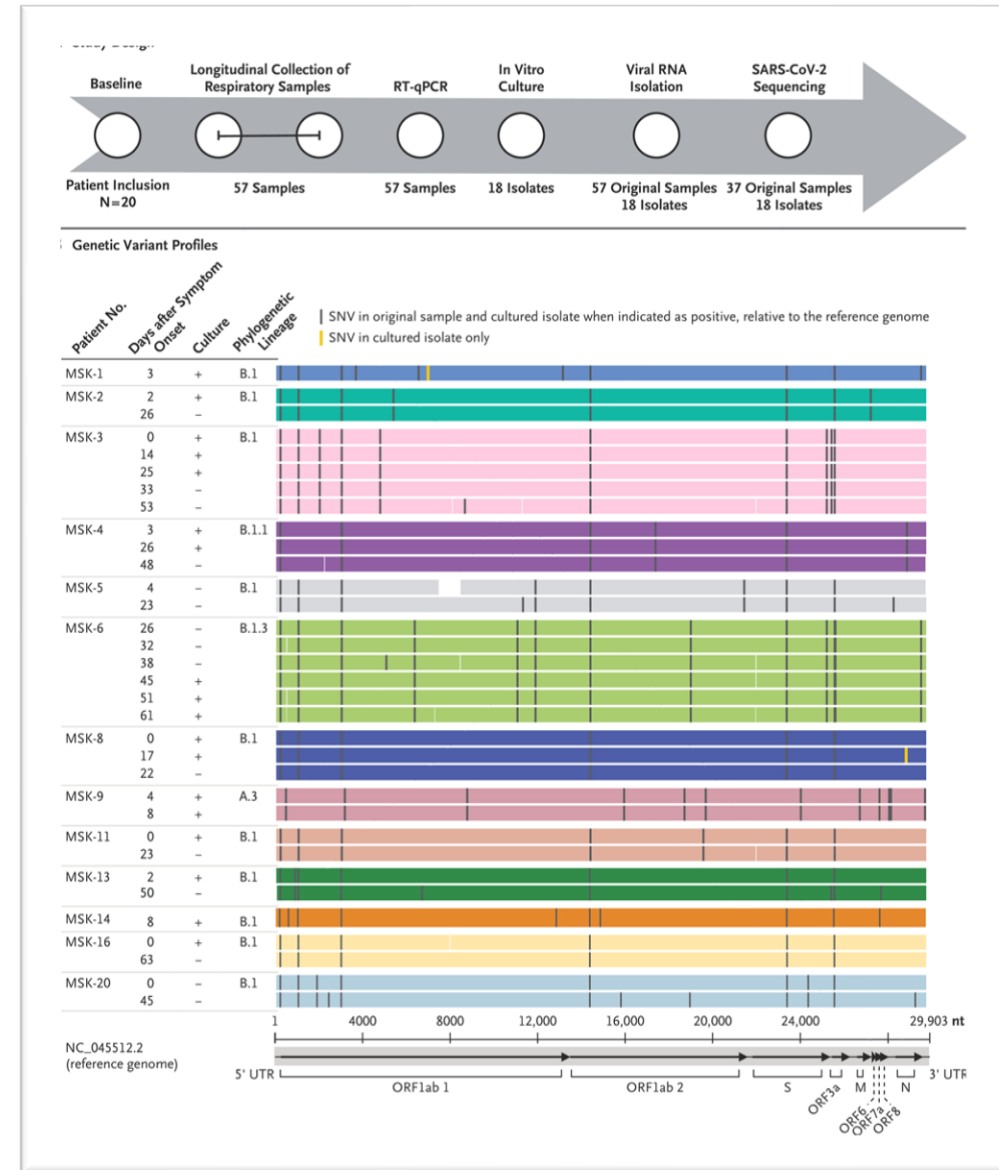


- 38/77 patients with SARS-COV-2 antibody testing
- 66% antibody positive
- 8 patients with immune profiling and antibody testing



Prolonged shedding of viable SARS Cov-2 can be seen post HCT

- 20 patients – 18 BMT/CAR T
- > 20 days in three patients
- Longest up to day 61
- Early post HCT/CAR-T (<6 mo)
- No evidence of reinfection



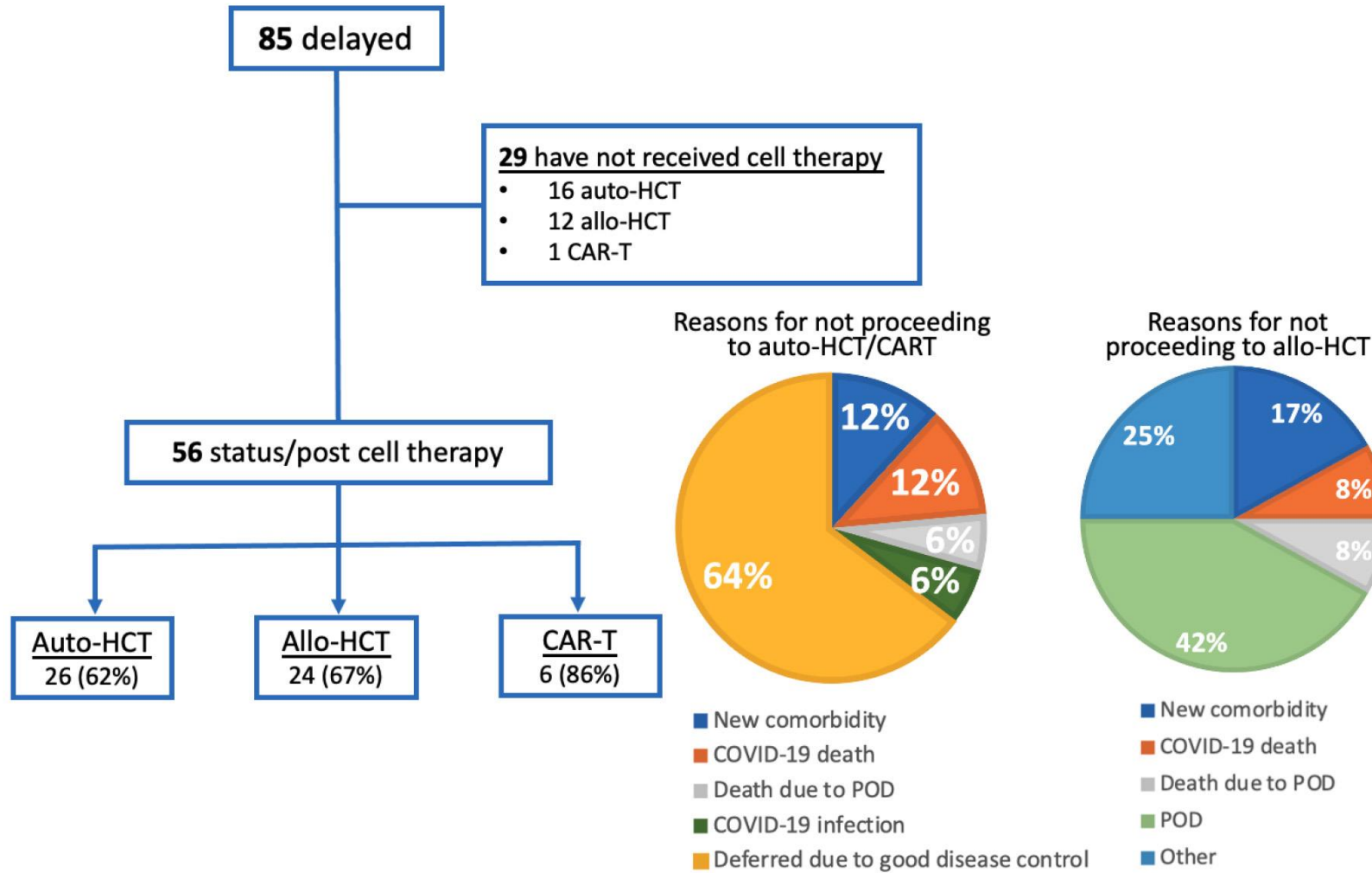
Risk of Nosocomial Infection in HCT/IEC patients at MSK

N=44

Patient	Location	Number of exposures	Time to conversion	Patients exposed	Status
1	Inpatient		?	35	Dead*
2	Donor Room	1	15 days	9	Dead
3	Donor Room	1	10 days	9	Alive



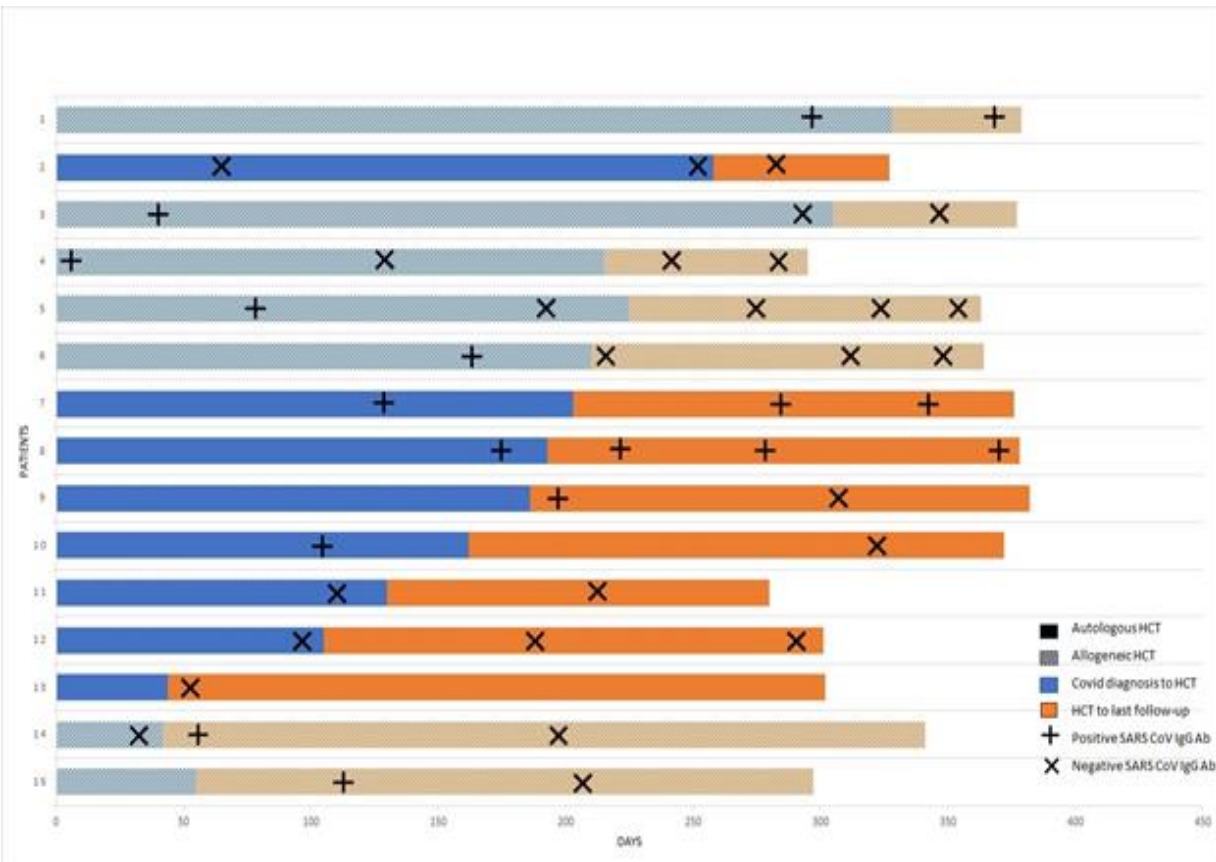
Impact of COVID-19 related delays



Auto-HCT indicates autologous hematopoietic cell transplantation; allo-HCT, allogeneic HCT; CAR-T, chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy; POD, progression of disease

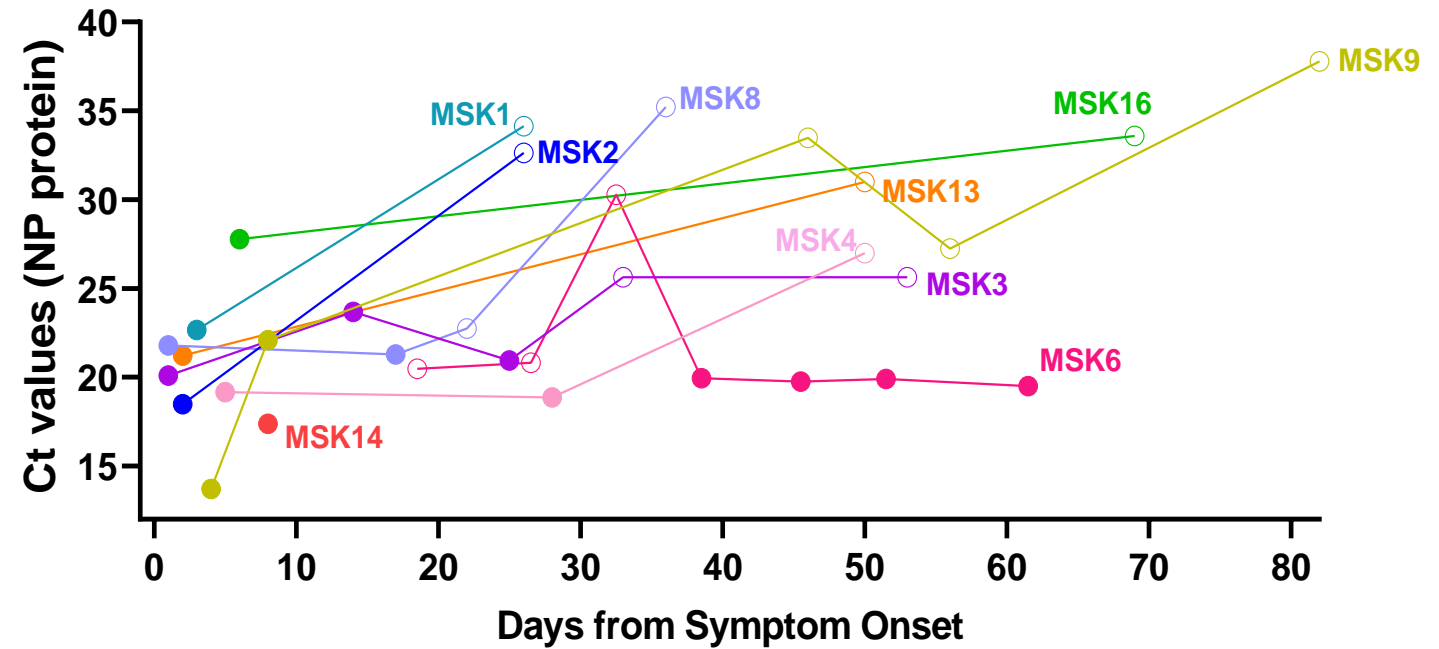
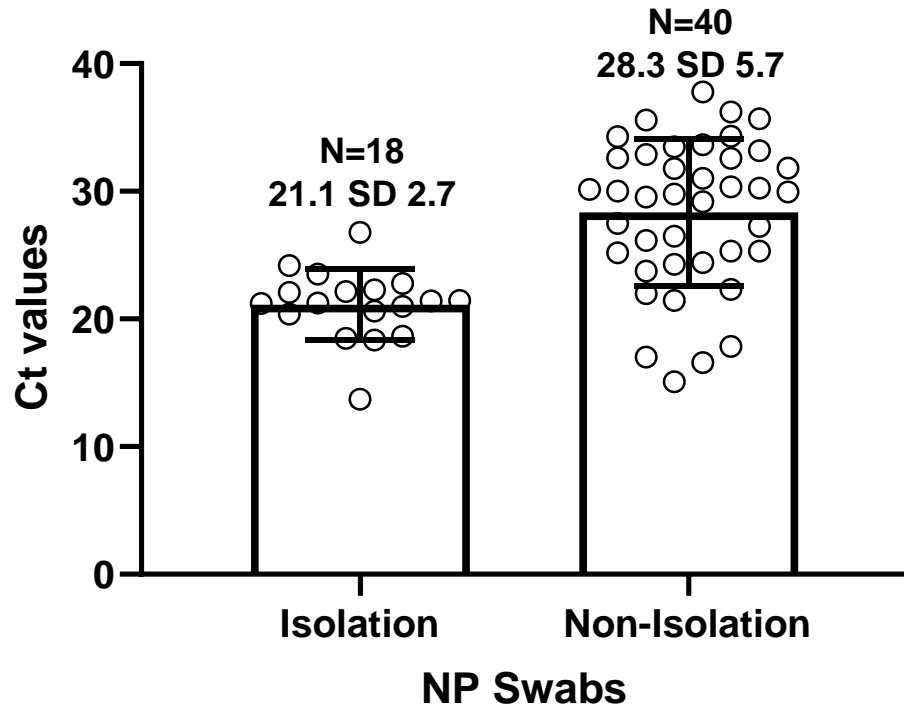


No Recurrence of COVID-19 Symptoms Post Cell Therapy in Pts with recovered from COVID-19

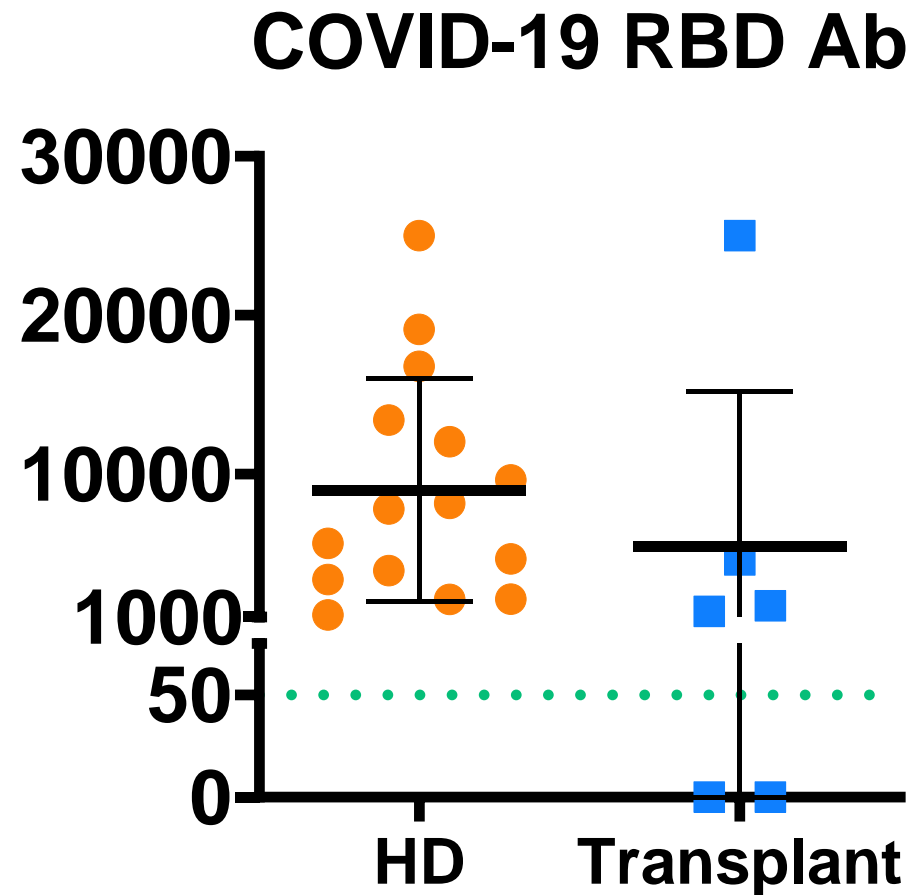


- 15 HCT patients:
Auto (n=8) or Allo (n=7)
- 6/17/20 - 2/17/21
- Median age
 - Auto 60yr (39-72)
 - Allo 53 yr (37-71)
- Median time from COVID Dx
 - To Auto 174 days (44-258)
 - To Allo 215 days (42-328)
- All pts PCR neg pre HCT

Infectious Samples have Lower Cycle Threshold Values



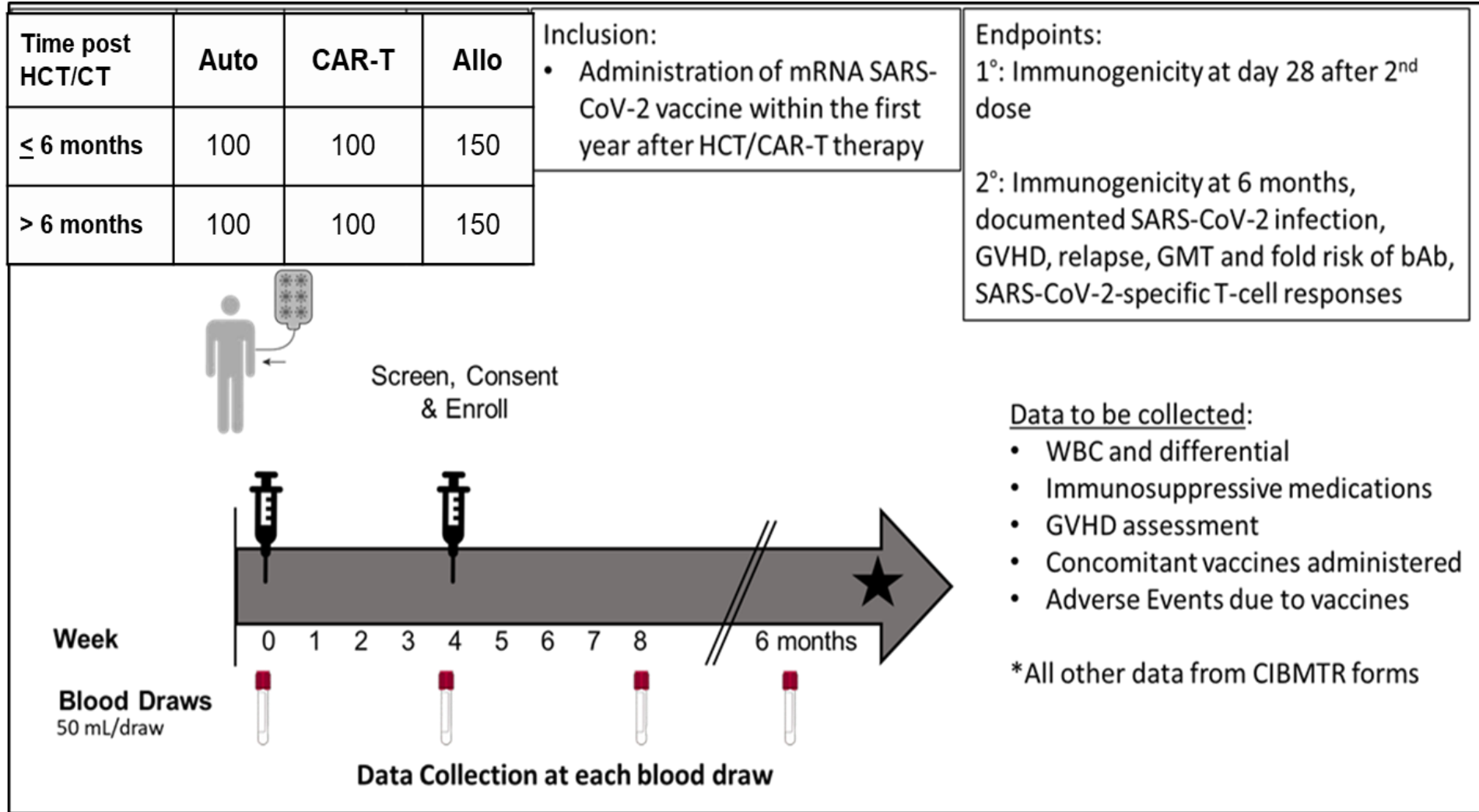
COVID Vaccination in Cell Therapy Patients



- Samples collected on ~500 BMT/CAR T/ Heme Malig Pts
- Unclear if T cell response even if no B cell response
- Unclear timing of vaccination to follow standard vaccination guidelines for immune function
- Unknown criteria for boosters if no response



BMT CTN Covid-19 Vaccine Study



Conclusions

- Many patients were **monitored** and recovered entirely **outpatient**
 - Which patients, best monitoring strategy?
- Clinical **presentation** and overall **course** of COVID-19 was **not very different** from other large cohorts of **hospitalized** patients
- **Relapsed disease**, particularly leukemia, portended **worse** prognosis
- **GVHD did not** appear to flare/**worsen** in the context of active COVID
- Lymphopenia identified **across lymphocyte subsets**, correlating with degree of COVID-19 severity
- Lymphopenia with COVID-19 does not appear to impair post-COVID **immune reconstitution**
- Patients can develop **IgG antibody responses** to SARS-COV-2 even in the setting of lymphopenia



Conclusions – Part 2

- Nosocomial **transmission** rates very **low** (<1%)
- **Delayed** therapy results in patients with **relapse/POD** who **did not receive** intended cellular therapy (34%)
- Cell Therapies can be **safely performed after** COVID-19 infection
 - PCR negative
 - Resolved symptoms
 - Institutional isolation practices
 - Improved radiographic imaging
 - Reasonable PFT
- Vaccination **timing and response** unknown
 - Data being collected at centers and through CTN





Acknowledgements

BMT Service:

Miguel-Angel Perales
Sergio Giralt
Roni Tamari
Ioannis Politikos
David Chung
Parastoo Dahi
Boglarka Gyurkocza
Nishi Shah
Christina Cho
Johnathan Peled
Michael Scordo
Craig Sauter
Juliet Barker
Esperanza Papadopoulos
Marcel van den Brink

Infectious Disease Service:

Yeon Joo Lee
Tobias Hohl
Mini Kamboj
Genovefa Papanicolaou

Lymphoma Service:

Santosha Vardhana

Leukemia Service:

Anthony Daniyan

Myeloma Service:

Malin Hultcrantz

Laboratory Medicine:

Ngolela Esther Babady
Lakshmi Ramanathan
Peter Maslak
Cheryl Goss

Data Management/ Biostatistics

Josel Ruiz
Jessica Lavery
Sean Devlin