# Identification of a Persistent Contaminant of an AKTA Protein Purification Instrument

Swapna Kalaparambath, Simon Knight, Sofia Murga-Garrido, Elizabeth Grice MaST Community Charter School, Department of Dermatology, University of Pennsylvania

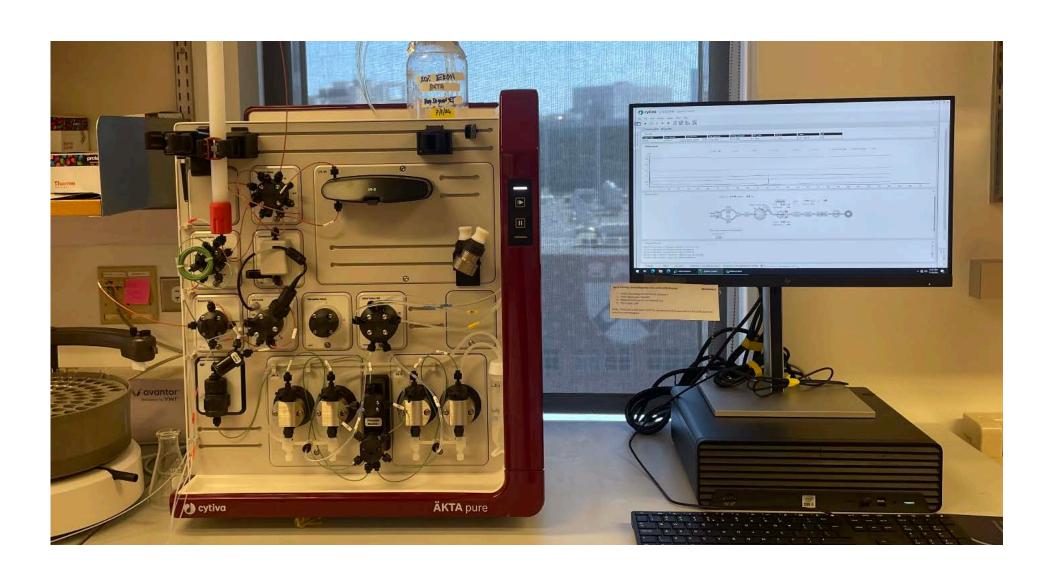
# **Objective**

Contamination is common in healthcare and laboratory workspaces,, whether it be through patients, equipment, or machinery.

Our lab's AKTA Purifier is used to separate proteins. It was observed that there were bacteria contaminants within the instrument. Two bacteria were isolated and my project was to identify these bacteria.

# **Methods**

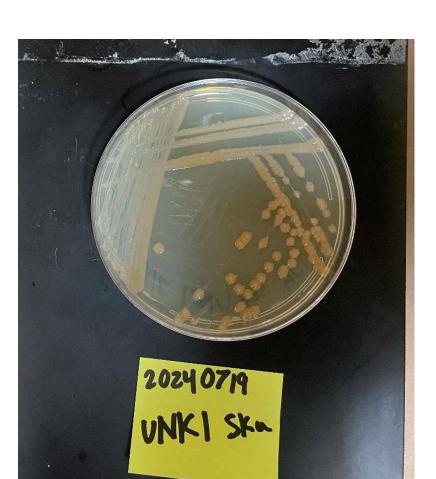
#### **Source of Bacteria: AKTA Purifier**



### Streaking Plates for Isolation of Single Colonie

 I streaked bacteria onto TSA plates, and placed them into a 37.0 \_\_\_\_ incubator.



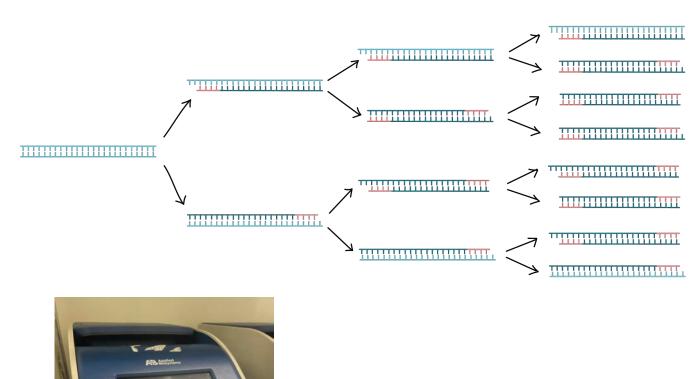




### Colony PCR of 16s RNA Gene

- Small piece of bacteria colony was placed in the mix in the PCR reaction mixture.
- After mixing, it is put in a thermal cycler for 35 cycles.

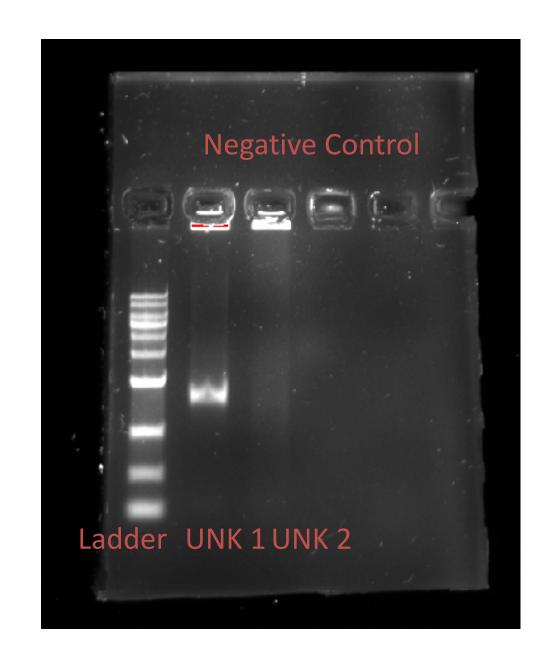




### Validating PCR Product with Agarose Gel

- As confirmation for our PCR products for DNA Sequencing, we run a gel for UNK 1 and UNK 2 at 100 voltage.
- I was able to obtain a PCR product from UNK 1 DNA, but not UNK 2.

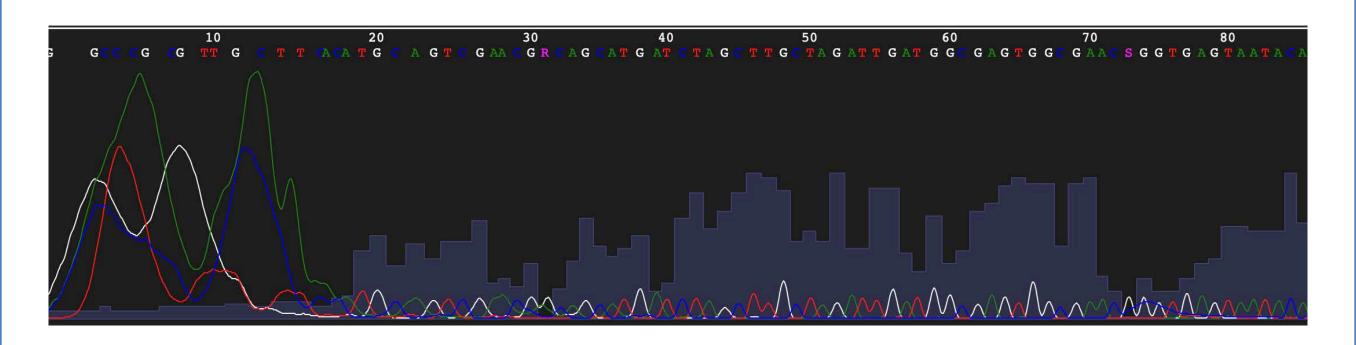




### **DNA/Sanger Sequencing**

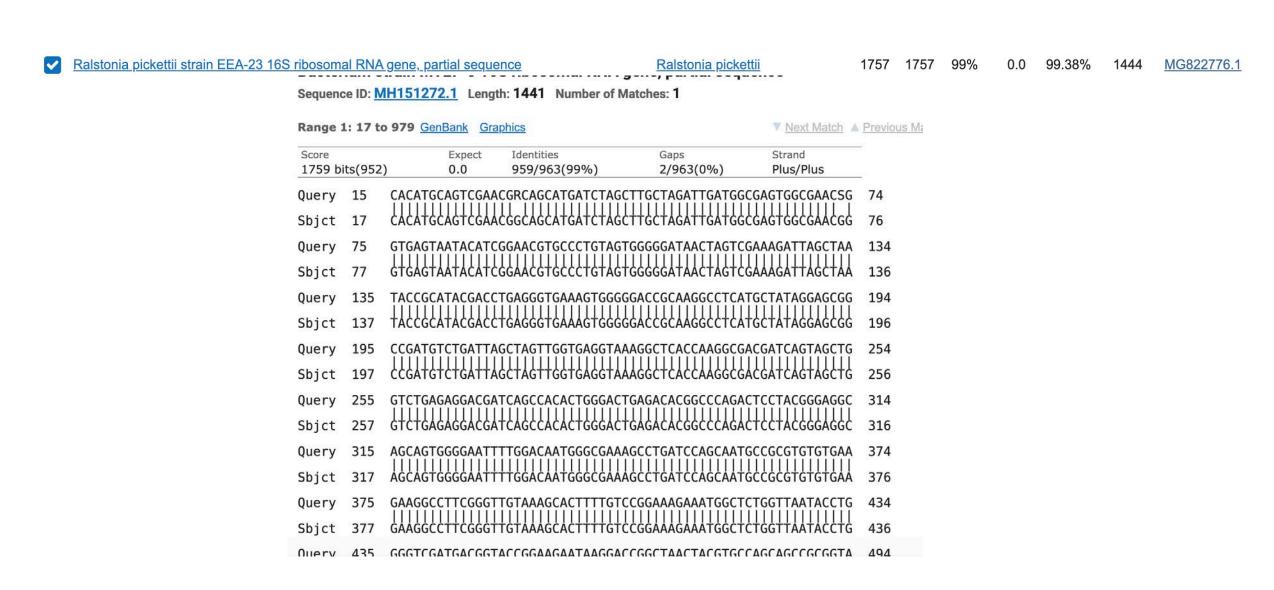
- The UNK 1 PCR product was sent for Sanger DNA Sequencing.
- We place it into ApE editor to display the sequence.

## **Results**



#### **Blast**

- We used BLAST to search for similarity in base pairs of the PCR DNA against all bacterial sequences in the database
- The sequence of UNK 1 was highly similar to Ralstonia pickettii.
- The E-value for this result was 0.0, and the sequence was 99.4% identical.



# Conclusion

We identified the unknown bacteria as *Ralstonia pickettii*. *Ralstonia* is a common bacteria often found in hospital settings in sterile water, medications, blood culture bottles, and saline solutions. *Ralstonia picketti* is also known to be soil-borne and it causes wilt disease to plants.R. pickettii is a very small bacteria that can pass through 0.2 mm membranes.

We concluded that in order to avoid future contamination, it is important that we filter our buffers through at 0.1 mm filter in future.

## <u>Acknowledgements</u>

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