| Module Three: | Mod | ule | Thr | ee: |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|

When Wrong Things Happen with Medications: Risk and Prevention

| ou | Today's Date//   |
|----|--|
|    | Participant Post-Test  |
| rc | le the letter of the best answer.  |
| E  | Example:<br>Which of these is NOT a season:<br>a. Winter<br>b. Autumn<br>c. Summer<br>(d.) Easter<br>e. Spring |
|    |  |
| •  | Older adults are likely to have ADEs because:  |
|    | a. They are not used to taking medications.  |
|    | b. They take their medications with lots of water.   |
|    | c. They take many medications.   |
|    | d. They use generic medications.   |
|    | Гhe team approach to reducing Adverse Drug Events (ADEs) includes:   |
|    | a. Certified Nursing Assistants  |
|    | b. Licensed Nurses   |
|    | c. Pharmacists   |
|    |  |
|    | d. Dietitians  |

f. None of the above

| <i>Example:</i><br>This is a test.   | (T)             | F |   |
|--|-----------------|---|---|
|  |                 |   |   |
| Nurses can help prevent ADEs by question for each prescribed medication.       | ning the need   | Т | F |
| About one-half of adverse drug events that term care facility are preventable. | occur in a long | Т | F |
| Medications on the Beers list should never be adults.                          | used for older  | Т | F |
| The most common sign of an ADE in older peo<br>in mental status.               | ple is a change | Т | F |
| An average long term care facility has abo<br>per month.                       | out 10 ADEs     | Т | F |

Thank you. Please return to instructor.



Geriatric Education Center of Greater Philadelphia 2

Your ID \_\_\_\_\_

Today's Date \_\_/ \_\_/ \_\_

## **Participant Post-Test: Instructor's KEY**

Correct answers are in *Circled bold italic* 

Circle the letter of the best answer.

**Example:** Which of these is NOT a season: a. Winter b. Autumn c. Summer (d. Easter e. Spring

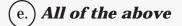
1. Older adults are likely to have ADEs because:

a. They are not used to taking medications.

b. They take their medications with lots of water.

## (c.) They take many medications.

- d. They use generic medications.
- 2. The team approach to reducing Adverse Drug Events (ADEs) includes:
  - a. Certified Nursing Assistants
  - b. Licensed Nurses
  - c. Pharmacists
  - d. Dietitians



f. None of the above

TLC for LTC

## *Circle T if the statement is True, F if the statement is false*

| <i>Example:</i><br>This is a test. T   | F     |
|--|-------|
|  |       |
| 8. Nurses can help prevent ADEs by questioning the need for each prescribed medication.        | T F   |
| About one-half of adverse drug events that occur in a long term care facility are preventable. | T F   |
| . Medications on the Beers list should never be used for older adults.                         | T (F) |
| 5. The most common sign of an ADE in older people is a change<br>in mental status.             | T F   |
| An average long term care facility has about 10 ADEs per month.                                | T F   |
|  |       |

Thank you. Please return to instructor.

TLC for LTC

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