BrdUStaining

protocol by Susannah D. Barbee

Label thymocytes by continuous administration of BrdU (Sigma B5002) via drinking water at 0.8 mg/mL for the desired number of days[†].

- 1. Surface stain with PE- and CyChrome-conjugated antibodies (use 1x PBS as buffer), wash 1x PBS (Cf 6-10 min 1200 rpm).
- 2. Resuspend in 500 μL 0.15 M NaCl (ice cold), keep on ice.
- 3. Add 1.2 mL 95% EtOH (-20°C) **dropwise** while vortexing.
- 4. On ice 30 min.
- 5. Wash 1x 2 mL PBS.
- 6. Resuspend in 1 mL PBS/1% paraformaldehyde/0.01% Tween-20.
- 7. ON 4°C.
- 8. Cf (increase to 2000 rpm).
- 9. Resuspend in 1 mL DNase:

0.15 M NaCl 4.2 mM MgCl₂ 10 µM HCl 1:10 1.5 M 1:10 42 mM 1:1000 10 mM 1:100 frozen stock

50 Kunitz units/mL DNase I

·

- 10. 30 min 37°C.
- 11. Top off with PBS (RT), Cf.
- 12. Resuspend in 20 μL αBrdU FITC or isotype control (Pharmingen 36634K).
- 13. 30 min RT.
- 14. Wash 1x PBS, resuspend in PBS.

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ BrdU should be stored as a powder in the dark at -20°C in a desiccator. Before an experiment, I usually weigh out 40 µg of BrdU per tube for several 50 mL conical tubes, which are sealed with parafilm and stored in the dark at -20°C. Each day, I suspend the BrdU in 50 mL of H_2O by a brief incubation at 37°C. Rubber stopper tops of mouse sipper bottles will fit the conical tubes. The BrdU-labeled drinking water should be changed frequently due to the exposure to light (preferably every day).