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732-6221 Millo Rio-Spin & Columba

In vitro Processivity Assay

- 1. end-label $d(T)_{16}$ with $[\gamma-32P]$ -ATP (X 2 tubes)
 - 30μ l oligo d(T)₁₆ (0.1 μ g/ μ l stock, 3μ g)

5μl 10X T4 PNK buffer

 10μ l [γ-32P]-ATP (3000Ci/mmol, 10mCi/ml)

1μl 10U/μl T4 PNK

4µl ddH₂O

- 50µl total

- 2. incubate at 37°C for 30min
- 3. stop reaction by adding 2µl 0.5M EDTA
- 4. transfer 52µl into a Bio-Rad P-6 micro spin-column, cf 4min
- 5. pool 2 flow-through together, store at -20° C
- 6. mix 25μl poly(dA) (25μg) with 50μl labeled oligod(T)₁₆
- 7. heat at 70°C, 5min, xfer to RT, cool for 1/2hr
- 8. pass annealed poly(dA) template thru 2 P-30 micro spin-columns (aliquot template into 2 columns so that centrifuge is balanced)
- 9. set up TNT samples and incubate on ice for 30min

sample

Pol Assay Soln.

		(10X)	المعرفان
	stock	<u>41 μl΄</u>	
100mM (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	2M	12.5µl	
20mM Tris-HCl (pH7.5)	1 M	5	
3mM MgCl ₂	100mM	7.5	
0.1mM EDTA	10mM	2.5	
0.5mM DTT	50mM .	2.5	
4% glycerol	100% ≲∜/	10 20	
40μg/μt BSA	10μg/μl	1µl	
<u> </u>		46 0	
		51 . 43	(5×)

- 10. add 3µl poly(dA):oligo(dT) and incubate for 10min at RT
- 11. add 15 μ l Pol Assay Soln. (4.1 μ l) + 1mM dTTP(2.5 μ l) (final conc.=100 μ M) + ddH₂O (8.4 μ l)
- 12. incubate for 1hr, 37°C

- 13. add $25\mu l$ ddH₂O and $50\mu l$ phenol:chloroform:isoamylalcohol (25:24:1), mix, cf, xfer aqueous phase to new tube
- 14. extract with 50µl chloroform:isoamylalcohol (24:1)
- 15. add 20µl urea-PAGE loading dye
- 16. pre-run 15% Urea-PAGE at 300V for 30min
- 17. transfer 10µl sample into new tubes
- 18. flush wells with 1X TBE to get rid of urea
- 19. while flushing the wells, heat sample (10µl) at 98°C for 5min, immediately load onto gel
- 20. resolve samples in 15% Urea-PAGE at 300V for 2hrs and 45min (regular size) or at 500V for 8hrs (long gel)

15% Urea-PAGE (regular size)

<u>40ml</u>
15ml
16.8g
4ml
7.77ml
300µ1
30µl

- dissolve urea in acry/bis, TBE, and ddH₂O at 42⁰C
- cool gel soln at RT for 0.5 hr, add TEMED and APS last
- gel starts polymerizing after 5min, and let gel set for at least 15min

15% Urea-PAGE (61 cm long)

		<u>80ml</u>
40% acry/bis (19:1)		30ml
7M urea		33.6g
10X TBE		8ml
ddH₂O	÷	15.65ml
10% APS		500µl
TEMED		50µl

- dissolve urea in acry/bis, TBE, and ddH₂O at 42^oC
- cool gel soln at RT for 0.5 hr, add TEMED and APS last
- pour gel soln. with 25ml pipet in 5min, gel starts polymerizing after 5min
- let gel set for at least 15min
- if not dry gel, put gel on filter paper and wrap gel with saran wrap
- bands start diffusing after 1 day if gel is not dried
- for long gel, expose overnight with blue film (Fuji film)
- for regular-size gel, expose for 2hrs with Kodak X-omat

denaturing PAGE loading dye (10ml) 9ml deionized formamide 2ml 0.5M EDTA (pH8) (final=10mM) 0.1g bromophenol blue (0.1% final) 0.1g xylene cyanol (0.1% final)

<u>10X TBE</u>

890mM Tris base 108g 890mM boric acid 55g 20mM EDTA (stock=0.5M) 40ml

add ddH2O to 1L

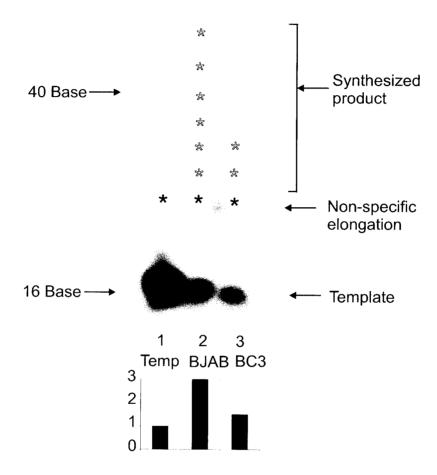


Fig.: Processivity assay showing the efficiency of replication machineryof BC3 and BJAB cells. The nuclear extracts from these cells were incubated with poly(dA):oligo(dT)₁₆ for 30 minutes (lanes 2 and 3 respectively). DNA products were fractioned by 7M urea-15% PAGE. Poly(dA):oligo(dT)₁₆ template was electrophoresed in lane 1 to show the size of primers (16 base). Nonspecific DNA products are labelled by closed asterik symbol and specific are marked by open asterik symbol.